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	8	Attorneys for Debtors and Debtors in Possession	
	9	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
	10	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION	
	11		
	12		Case No. 19-30088 (DM)
	13	In re:	Chapter 11
	14	PG&E CORPORATION,	(Lead Case)
	15	- and -	(Jointly Administered)
	16	PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,	DEBTORS' OBJECTION TO THE EX PARTE MOTION OF THE OFFICIAL
	17	Debtors.	COMMITTEE OF TORT CLAIMANTS PURSUANT TO B.L.R. 9006-1
	18	☐ Affects PG&E Corporation ☐ Affects Pacific Gas and Electric Company ☑ Affects both Debtors	REQUESTING ORDER SHORTENING TIME FOR HEARING ON MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION OF PG&E BUSINESS PLANS
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	20	* All papers shall be filed in the Lead Case,	Related to Dkt. Nos. 3624 and 3625
	21	No. 19-30088 (DM).	
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PG&E Corporation ("PG&E Corp.") and Pacific Gas and Electric Company (the "Utility"), as debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "**Debtors**") in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (the "Chapter 11 Cases"), hereby submit this objection ("Objection") to the Ex Parte Motion of the Official Committee of Tort Claimants (the "TCC") Pursuant to B.L.R. 9006-1 Requesting Order Shortening Time for Hearing on Motion to Compel Production of PG&E Business Plans, Dkt. No. 3624 (the "Motion to Shorten").

On August 20, 2019, the TCC filed the Motion of the Official Committee of Tort Claimants to Compel Production of PG&E Business Plans, Dkt. No. 3624 (the "Motion to Compel"). On that same date, the TCC filed its Motion to Shorten, seeking to have its Motion to Compel heard on August 27, 2019, i.e., on seven days' notice, instead of the 28 days' notice required by Bankruptcy Local Rule ("Local Rule") 9014-1(c)(1).² Seeking expedited review of its motions on baseless grounds of urgency has unfortunately become the TCC's modus operandi.³

As an initial matter, the Motion to Shorten is procedurally deficient because it is not accompanied by a declaration supporting the basis for expedited review, as required by Local Rule 9006-1(c), and because the TCC did not contact the Debtors regarding the relief requested in their Motion to Shorten prior to filing, as required by Local Rule 9006-1(c)(4).⁴ The Court should deny the Motion to Shorten on this basis alone.

If the Court nevertheless considers the Motion to Shorten, it should deny it because the TCC

The TCC failed to meet-and-confer with the Debtors or schedule a conference call with the Court prior to filing their Motion to Compel, in violation of the Second Amended Order Implementing Certain Notice and Case Management Procedures, Dkt. No. 1996 (the "CMO"), ¶ 38.

The TCC states that Local Rule 9014-1(c)(2) governs the notice requirements applicable to their Motion to Compel. See Motion to Shorten at 2. This is incorrect. Local Rule 9014-1(c)(1) controls where, as here, the "relief is sought against an identified, named entity."

The Motion to Shorten is the TCC's second attempt in the past two weeks to reduce the Debtors' allotted time to respond to a motion to 7 days or less, despite no valid reason for doing so. See Dkt Nos. 3481 and 3497. This practice unnecessarily drains the resources of the Debtors' estates.

See also CMO ¶ 23 ("A movant seeking emergency or expedited relief shall comply with B.L.R. 9006-1(c). Counsel for the movant must make a good faith effort to confer with the party against whom the relief is sought . . . and file a declaration providing the information required by B.L.R. 9006-1(c).").

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Indeed, other than provides no justification for the requested highly expedited timeframe. generalized comments regarding the reorganization timeline proposed by the Debtors, there is nothing in the Motion to Shorten that even hints as to why the standard timing set forth in the Local Rules would not be more than sufficient to address whatever purported dispute the TCC has manufactured. Moreover, even if the Court were to consider an August 27, 2019 hearing on the Motion to Compel, the Court cannot compel production of what does not yet exist, as the Debtors' business plan is not likely to be finalized by that date—a fact as to which the TCC's advisors had been made aware. As the Debtors' advisors have made plain repeatedly, the Debtors will produce their business plan as soon as it is ready, and it will be available for review well in advance of any voting on the Debtors' plan of reorganization.

Ignoring its meet and confer obligations, the TCC has instead chosen to misrepresent the facts in another misguided effort to justify an expedited hearing. The TCC states that "PG&E informed the TCC's financial advisors that the Business Plans will be produced around August 26, 2019," and that the TCC thus needs to shorten time and have a hearing on its Motion to Compel on August 27, 2019, "in the event PG&E fails to produce the documents by that date." Motion to The TCC's assertions in this regard, for which the TCC tellingly submits no Compel at 3. supporting declaration, are patently false.

In recent weeks, John Boken, a Managing Director at the Debtors' advisor AlixPartners and the Debtors' Deputy Chief Restructuring Officer, has been in discussions or communications with the advisors to various constituencies and parties-in-interest to these Chapter 11 Cases, including the advisors to the TCC, regarding the status of the development of the Debtors' business plan and potential timing for release of that business plan. See Declaration of John Boken in support of Debtors' Objection, dated Aug. 22, 2019 ("Boken Declaration"), ¶ 4. Mr. Boken has been careful in all of those communications to ensure that the various advisors understood that the Debtors' timeline for completion of the Debtors' business plan is fluid, to allow for the flexibility necessary to ensure appropriate internal analysis and diligence, management review, and governance processes. See id. At no time has Mr. Boken ever stated or in any way represented to the TCC's advisors, or to any other party, that the Debtors would, with certainty, finalize or release their business plan by

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August 26, 2019, or by any date certain. See id.⁵

Rather, on August 16, 2019, Mr. Boken informed the advisors of numerous interested parties, including the TCC, that the Debtors' Board of Directors and certain of its committees (collectively, the "Board") would be reviewing the Debtors' business plan during the week of August 19, 2019. See id. ¶ 5. Mr. Boken further stated that, in the event the Board approved the Debtors' business plan that week, the Debtors could potentially schedule a roll-out session of their business plan for all appropriate constituency advisors during the week of August 26, 2019. See id. Mr. Boken noted, however, that if upon their review of the Debtors' business plan, the Board had follow-up items for the Debtors or the advisors to address, the Debtors likely would not be in a position to produce their business plan until after September 2, 2019. See id. The Board has not yet approved the Debtors' business plan, and no roll-out session has been scheduled. See id. ¶ 7. Mr. Boken's clear representations to the TCC's advisors that the Debtors will provide the TCC with the Debtors' business plan promptly after it is finalized, but that such production may not occur until after September 2, 2019, render the Motion to Shorten (and the Motion to Compel) a wholly unnecessary endeavor.

Moreover, the TCC has set forth no justification as to why it is so critical that they receive the Debtors' business plan by August 27, 2019. The TCC asserts that the Debtors' business plan is "directly relevant to the Estimation Procedures and PG&E's Reorganization Timeline," and that "the present urgency of those matters and the accelerated pace of the case justify shortening time for the [Motion to Compel]." Motion to Shorten at 3. These assertions ring hollow and would not support an expedited hearing on the Motion to Compel even if the Debtors were able to finalize their business plan by August 27, 2019, which is unlikely, and the Debtors then refused to produce it promptly, which they will not. There is absolutely no reason that the TCC needs the Debtors' business plan prior to the August 27, 2019 hearing on Estimation Procedures, as that hearing relates

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⁵ Mr. Boken further communicated to the TCC's advisors that, to the best of his knowledge, no advisors, creditor constituencies, current parties-in-interest, or potential investors have been provided with or have access to any business plan or financial forecast information relating to the Debtors other than such historical forecast information that is, or has otherwise been, publicly available. See Boken Decl. ¶ 6.

entirely and exclusively to the process of estimating the Debtors' liability for the 2017 and 2018 wildfires, a process on which the Debtors' business plan has no bearing. The Debtors' filing of their Reorganization Timeline similarly does not create any urgent need for the TCC to review the Debtors' business plan. The TCC will have more than sufficient time to review the Debtors' business plan and seek other discovery regarding the Debtors plan of reorganization as necessary and in the normal course. Finally, the Court should reject the TCC's argument that the "accelerated pace" of these Chapter 11 Cases somehow justifies the need for an expedited hearing on their Motion to Compel, as accepting such reasoning would only encourage the TCC's continued attempts to shorten the Debtors' time to respond to motions where there is no need for such relief.

For the reasons stated herein, the Court should deny the Motion to Shorten and set the hearing on the Motion to Compel for September 24, 2019, the first regularly scheduled omnibus hearing date at least 28 days from its filing, pursuant to Local Rule 9014-1(c)(1).

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Dated: August 22, 2019

WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP KELLER & BENVENUTTI LLP

By: <u>/s/Theodore E. Tsekerides</u>
Theodore E. Tsekerides

Attorneys for Debtors and Debtors in Possession